Marine Band Will Play for Participants in Unique Celebration.

BONFIRES TO BE KINDLED NO DISCORD IN SIGHT

Washingtonians will gather on the Capitol plaza at 10 o'clock tomorrow inight and dance the old year out and the new year in, to music by the Marine Rand. This unique New Year eve event has been arranged by the War Camp Community Service and every-

cene, and will serve to warm fingers and toes of merrymakers. This will be Washington's second

dry New Year eve. Despite the absence of old John Barleycorn practically all hotels have had table reservations for watch-party dinners.

The United Service Club of America will hold a ball at the clubhouse near Buront Circle tomorrow night, with upont Circle tomorrow night, with a supper at midnight.

Open House Programs. A score of organizations and so-

cieties have arranged open house programs for New Year day.

will hold a reception at headquarters, 1224 H street, Wednesday. All war workers and their friends are invited to a reception and dance to be held by the bureau of yards and docks of the Navy Department in the Red Cross clubrooms, Corcoran Court, New York avenue between 17th and 18th streets, tomorrow night. Representative George R. Lunn will be the speaker at a reception and Representative George R. Lunn will be the speaker at a reception and dance by the New York State Club at the Chamber of Commerce Hall to-morrow evening. It is proposed to fince the old year out and sing the New Year in. All residents of New York are invited to attend.

The Oklahoma State Club will give a dance at the Wilson Normal Community Center Wednesday night. A short entertainment at 7 o'clock will precede the dance.

precede the dance.

Women's patriotic organizations alwomen's patriotic organizations al-lied with the Grand Army of the Re-public will join in a big reception in G. A. R. Hall, 1412 Pennsylvania ave-nue, from 1 until 4 o'clock New Year

An illustrated lecture on Some Beauty Spots in Washington," by Henry M. Rose, assistant secretary of the United States Senate, will feature as he told the American corresponding United States Senate, will feature as he told the American corresponding the Volume and There will be no differences or open house program of the Young ents 'There will be no differences or omen's Christian Association at 619 street the afternoon of New

Stephen's Church has arranged a mance for New Year eve in the parish hall, at 14th street and Columbia road. The dancing will begin at 8:30 o'clock

WANTS BERLIN TRIUMPH

FOR CONQUERING TROOPS

A resolution providing that an army composed of allied and United States troops shall triumphantly enter the city of Berlin. Germany, to impress and the German people the fact that Germany has been decisively defeated by the allies was introduced in the House today by Representative Doolittle of Kansas, democrat.

Provision for the army's entrance into the German capital should be made at the peace conference, he stated.

A visual demonstration of the su-

stated. A visual demonstration of the su-

A visual demonstration of the superiority of the allies should be made by having our armies and those of our allies march up the streets of Berlin, Representative Doolittle said.

"The papers are full of items telling us of the insolence of the inhabitants of some of the occupied towns in Germany toward our troops, and we read almost daily of German commanders, city officials and others welcoming home to the fatherland the 'undefeated heroes of the kaiser.'

"I really fear that some Germans might believe they had won the war unless we have some way of showing them positively to the contrary."

Representative Doolittle said the military authorities of Germany would be pleased if they could fool the people into thinking they had not been whipped. Extensive advertising of the fact that kaiserism has been thoroughly smashed is necessary for the future welfafre of the world, he said.

it was learned here today.

Capt. Griffith is a native of Altoona.

Capt. Griffith is a native of Altoona,
Pa., but spent his boyhood in Washington, attending the local public schools.
He graduated in medicine from George Washington University.
He was commissioned a first lieutenant from the state of Washington in July, 1917, and assigned to duty at the Army Medical School in this city until September of that year, when he was transferred to England.
While there he took the post-graduate course at the University of Leeds. In March, 1918, he was sent to France and assigned to the 1st Battalion of the Irish Fusiliers of the 2d Army.
Capt. Griffith saw months of hard service at the front, having been gassed four times. He suffered his last "gassing" just before the signing of the armistice, and is believed to be in an English hospital now recovering.

Anxious to Get Down to Business.
The impatience of Mr. Wilson to get down to the business of the peace conference is reflected in his speeches. His trip to England was arranged suddenly in the hope of getting things started promptly. The British government pardonably has been engaged in the absorbing activities of the general election.
But it must not be believed that England is alone in favoring the creation of a league of nations. Though the subject had not been widely discussed before Mr. Wilson to get down to the business of the peace conference is reflected in his speeches.
His trip to England was arranged suddenly in the hope of getting things started promptly. The British government pardonably has been engaged in the absorbing activities of the general election.
But it must not be believed that England is alone in favoring the creation of a league of nations. Though the subject had not been widely discussed before Mr. Wilson's visit, Premier Clemenceau personally assured the President of his readiness to endeavor to set up such an association at the peace conference as would give sanction to the treaty it-

ASSERTS AMERICA IS UNPREPARED TO CARE FOR WOUNDED

(Continued from First Page.)

report, showing that at the battle of St Mihiel, the one victory in which the Americans attained renown for distinctly American effort they had to depend upon the French and British for artillery and airplanes. Senator Chamberlain referred to criticisms which had been made of him far exposing the shortcomings of the government. He said that he and all those who had worked with him had senght to help the prosecution of the war and not to hinder it in the investigations. British for artillery and airplanes.

trations. que, and cannot criticise for fear of harring my party. I want to get out, and if it is necessary to destroy my narty to save my country, let the party go."

Senator Chambers of party reading the party go."

If the party for party reading the party seems agreed that there must be a readjustment in another election not far distant. Senator Chamberlain said he had never seen any republicans in the committee attempt to take a partisan advantage, but they had worked for the good of the country and to help carry on the war.

Undoubtedly Premier Lioyd George, Mr. Balfour, the foreign secretary, and Lord Reading, the ambassador to the United States, will be commissioners to the peace conference, and the contact already formed with Mr.

TO USHER IN YEAR PLEASE PRESIDENT Allied Statesmen Reaffirm 14

Principles and Approve League of Nations.

BY DAVID LAWRENCE,

MANCHESTER, Eng., December 30. -President Wilson feels that he can survey with satisfaction the results thus far of his trip to Europe. Not jection to granting unanimous concomp Community Service and every the conference will be welcome.

only has he discussed with leading sent for sending the bill to conference was raised by Representative Lunn of New York upon Chairman's Kitchin's refusal to agree to the postal and to the picturesqueness of the secured reaffirmation of the fourteen for a vote in the House.

secured reaffirmation of the fourteen for a vote in the House. principles, but he has obtained verbal assurances on every side that a provision for a league of nations will be incorporated in the peace treaty. When Mr. Wilson, speaking at the

Guildhall, said that the key to peace was the guarantee of the peace, not the items of it, and that the items would be worthless unless maintained by a permanent concert of power, he implied, of course, the construction of a league of nations. His speech has obtained widespread approval, and obtained widespread approval, and promise. was the guarantee of the peace, not A score of vision at league of the ladies of Almas Temple Patrol will hold a reception at headquarters, will hold a reception at headquarters, and the street, Wednesday.

The ladies of Almas Temple Patrol when Premier Lloyd George told the American correspondents in a voice carrying conviction that an agree-carrying conviction that a carrying conviction that an agree-carrying conviction that an agree-carrying conviction that an agree-carrying conviction that a carrying conviction that a carrying conviction that an agree-carrying conviction that

of Missouri pointed of the legislation abolishing the same been attached as a rider to an immigration bill.

Mr. Wilson since his deben attached as a rider to an immigration bill.

Mr. Cannon observed that while liquor is not sold in the Capitol building, he understands it is quite as easy to get it as ever before. Mr. Rucker men would be glad to have further information on that subject privately.

Postal Zone Question.

Mr. Kahn of California and mr. Wilson and Mr. Lloyd George, after two days in conference, found heir minds running in the same chanhich should be adored.

The prime minister, his cabinet and mr. Wilson have canvassed the ground pretty thoroughly, but have not, of course, gone into the details. Admittedly the greatest task before the peace conference is the application of the details to square with general principles, but tangible progress can be recorded when it is considered that modoubt some gentlement would be glad to have further information on that subject privately.

Postal Zone Question.

Mr. Kahn of California and Randall of California were tent upon securing wote on the beautiful to the practice of the progress can be recorded when it is considered that no doubt some gentlement would be glad to have further information on that subject privately.

Postal Zone Question.

Mr. Kahn of California and mr. Wilson and Mr. Lloyd George, after two days in conference, found heir minds running in the same chanhich should be adored. out the practical details of every problem.

U. S. and England Agreed.

Anxious to Get Down to Business

to endeavor to set up such an asso-ciation at the peace conference as would give sanction to the treaty it-self.

Some Opponents Still Fighting.

So it may be said that progres

toward peace is very encouraging, and

the reception given to Mr. Wilson has

not been marred by any disagree-ments or disputes except possibly the activity of certain partisan and other opponents of the President in the United States who are still endeavor-

United States who are still endeavoring to convince the British government that Mr. Wilson is not representative of the American people, but is only expressing his personal views. That event is now over, and Mr. Lloyd George is overwhelmingly a victor. People here generally throughout the campaign assumed that Mr. Wilson and Mr. Lloyd George were in absolute agreement, and they expect the premier to get for them a righteous peace. His familiarity with the problems involved and his successful prosecution of the war have given him the confidence of the electorate by an unusual degree, though his majority is so large and unwieldly that British opinion on all sides seems agreed that there must be a readjustment in another election not

disagreements between the United

disagreements between the United States and Great Britain certainly, and I am quite sure none between ourselves and the other a!lies."

The premier admitted that difficulties might be encountered with respect to details, but his evident intention was to convey the impression that he and his colleagues would join that he will be a propagating all

the peace conference in the early part of February and the peace treaty itself by midsummer.

REVENUE BILL HELD UP;

CONFERENCE DELAYED

revenue bill to conference and it goes

over for consideration at the next ses-

sion of the House next Thursday. Ob-

Mr. Kitchin's Statement.

When Mr. Kitchin asked unanimous

consent to send the bill to coference,

e said the House could trust the con-

ferees to agree to the child labor amendment and to the bone-dry amendment for the District of Colum-

More United Than Any Believes.

The English newspapers, without call has come from Bohemia, which reception, have received Mr. Wilson with open arms, and welcome what they call the philosopher and statesman in tones so cordial and outspoken that America and Great Britain enter that America and Great Britain enter the peace conference more united in the war prisoners have gone or refuse to work. Not a single ton of coal has come from Bohemia, which recently contracted to furnish 22,000 tons of brown coal monthly. The Bayon miners refuse to work a single ton of coal has come from Bohemia, which recently contracted to furnish 22,000 tons of brown coal monthly. The Bayon miners refuse to work a single ton of coal has come from Bohemia, which recently contracted to furnish 22,000 tons of brown coal monthly. The Bayon miners refuse to work a single ton of coal has come from Bohemia, which recently contracted to furnish 22,000 tons of brown coal monthly. The Bayon miners refuse to work a single ton of coal has come from Bohemia, which recently contracted to furnish 22,000 tons of brown coal monthly. The Bayon miners refuse to work a single ton of coal has come from Bohemia, which recently contracted to furnish 22,000 tons of brown coal monthly. The bayon miners refuse to work a single ton of coal has come from Bohemia, which recently contracted to furnish 22,000 tons of brown coal monthly. The bayon miners refuse to work a second from Bohemia, which recently contracted to work a second fr

been thoroughly smashed is necessary for the future welfafre of the world, he said.

BRITSH DECORATION

FOR WASHINGTON MAN

FO

Wilson, together with the similarity in the ideals of the two countries and their common language, will make possible a speedier settlement of the involved problems than might otherwise be expected in a gathering of so many nationalities, for it grows evident daily that Great Britain, America, France and Italy will formulate the peace terms. The details of procedure will be taken up about January 6 in Paris, in informal conferences, and will probably continue for three weeks, with a prospect for the formal opening of the peace conference in the early AVIATOR WHO DOWNED 56 GERMAN PLANES AND CLEMENCEAU WILL SOCIETY GIRL WHO DROVE AMBULANCE IN FRANCE.



Capt. F. W. Gillett of the British Royal Flying Corps and Miss Phyllis .

LONDON, December 30.—Pillaging on a large scale is being carried on by mobe in Frankfort, Germany, and the authorities are powerless to prevent it, according to a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam. Troops in the city refused to fire on the rioters.

The city refused to fire on the rioters in the city refused to fire on the rioters in the city refused to fire on the rioters.

Dook Island.

Senator numerical mediate in administering the selective draft law administering the selective draft law in a proposed for local and district draft board members, in a resolution introduced today by Senator Henderical members in the city refused to fire on the rioters derson of Nevada and referred to the senate military committee.

The Story of The Star

Chapter I.

BUSINESS

On the busy streets of the National Capital early every afternoon you will see hurrying pedestrians pause for an instant, and if you listen you will hear them say, "Here, boy! Let's have The Star." They seldom say "Paper."

A little later, if you are in the residential sections of

Such familiar sights and sounds are taken for granted.

the city, you will hear the carrier boys' shrill "Star yeh" on every block in the city as they deliver The Star from door to door at most of the homes in Washington.

But analysis and investigation will disclose a story of in-

teresting detail concerning an enterprise of great magnitude and far-reaching importance.

For making a newspaper of the size and importance of The Evening Star of the National Capital is a business proposition guiding and controlling varied energies in a

In character the newspaper publishing business is so cosmopolitan as to call for the combined forces that make

for success in almost every other line of business, with promptness and regularity of production the paramount

Today, when you pay the boy on the street two cents for a copy of The Evening Star, or when you arrive home

and find that for about a cent and a half-to be paid at

the rate of forty cents a month—your copy of The Star is there ahead of you, waiting to enlighten, instruct and even entertain you and your family before and after dinner, just consider for a moment what a wonderful business organi-zation must exist to provide so much good for so little

MANCHESTER, December 29 (by the Associated Press).—President and Mrs. Wilson were greeted on their arrival here at 5 o'clock this afternoon by thousands who filled the streets to overflowing on the half-mile journey from the station to the official residence of the lord mayor, and by many more thousands who were packed together in the huge square in front of the town hall. They cheered lustily from the time the President's car started through the troop-lined thorough-fares until he disappeared within the building.

building.

The presidential party alighted in the strikingly decorated station, which was ablaze with lights that set

arter possing for two mashlights the presidential party started for the town hall amid continuous cheers. For two days, until late this afternoon, rain had fallen very heavily, but the weather still favored the President, for it cleared shortly before his arrival. Nevertheless closed automobiles instead of onen continuous.

arrival. Nevertheless closed automobiles instead of open carriages were used. These were decorated with American and British flags.

The lord mayor and the town clerk rode with the President in the first car, while Mrs. Wilson accompanied the lady mayoress. Others in the party included Rear Admiral Grayson, Brig. Gen. Harts, Vice Admiral Sims, Maj. Gen. Biddle, the American ambassador and Mrs. John W. Davis, the American consul, Ross E. Holaday; Lieut. Gen. Snow, the deputy mayor and the town councilors.

The President and Mrs. Wilson spent the night quietly as the guests of the the night quietly as the guests of the lord mayor. The President had no engagements and made no speeches.

HERO MONUMENT BLOWN UP.

Sinn Feiners Destroy One at Cork After Hearing Election Returns. CORK, December 29 (by the Associated Press).-Sinn Feiners Saturday night, after the announcement of the election results, blew up the monument erected by public subscription to the Cork soldiers who had fought in the South African War.

ery.

This information, said M. Pichon, had been received through Prince Lyoff, the former Russian premier, while he was on a visit to Paris recently.

SUPPORT ENGLAND ON SEAS' FREEDOM

(Continued from First Page.)

haps, are not his, has opened his mind and has inspired respect through his simple speech and the nobility of it. "President Wilson said to me: I will try to convince you, but perhaps you will convince me."

will convince you, but pernasy you will convince me.

"You know that reservations have been made on the question of freedom of the seas. Premier Lloyd George said to me one day: You will admit that without the British fleet you could not have continued the war.' I answered in the affirmative. The British premier then asked me if I was disposed to do anything in opposition to British ideas on the freedom of the seas. I answered in the negative. Concerning this question President Wilson said to me: I approve of what you said. What I have to offer the allied governments will change in no way your answer to Premier Lloyd George."

The storm which has been threatening in the French chamber for the past four days broke this afternoon, when Stephen Pichon outlined France's peace terms.

when Stephen Pichon outlined France's peace terms.

The minister declared that France is absolutely in agreement that full publicity be given to the proceedings of the peace conference. He announced that intervention in Russia was inevitable, but that it would be of a defensive character so far as French troops were concerned, and that if offensive operations were undertaken it must be by Russian troops.

It has been evident for the past week that the opponents of Premier Clemenceau were determined to obstruct in every possible way the vot-Clemenceau were determined to obstruct in every possible way the voting of the budget of 10,500,000,000 francs for the first three months of 1919 unless the government stated its peace terms either through Premier Clemenceau or M. Pichon. But it was not expected that the government would do so before Monday.

M. Franklin-Bouillon of the committee of foreign affairs brought matters to a head, however, by a violent at-

Publicity and League Favored.

on the left bank of the Rhine must be used no more for enemy concentrations against France. "Not a soldier or a fort must remain on the left bank of the Rhine or in a zone forty kilometers from the right bank," he dictator at Omsk. At Tchita, Irkutsk, Omsk and Krasnoyarsk outbank of the Rhine or in a zone forty kilometers from the right bank," he dictator at Omsk. At Tchita, Irkutsk, Omsk and Krasnoyarsk outbanks have been suppressed by the Kolchak forces, most of whom proved loyal, although many went over to the bolsheviki.

declared.
Concerning Russia, the speaker said he thought intervention necessary, but that it should not be purely militaristic. "Our allies should contribute intervention on a larger scale." to this intervention on a larger scale than we," the speaker continued, "because of our sacrifices. We could participate by giving a staff of officers and volunteers with high pay."

Americans Pleased at Attitude. the strikingly decorated station, which was ablaze with lights that set off the crimson carpet on the platform, the rows of palms and masses of bunting, the scarlet robes of Lord Mayor Seagure, the huge white wigs and full-dress of the high city officials, and the portly, florid, white-mustached mace bearer, who was quite a favorite with the American troops during the wait for the train. The President greeted and chatted briefly with the lord mayor and other officials. He then inspected the British guard of honor under Lieut. Gen. Snow and F and G companies of the 162d American Regiment, from Liverpool.

Still Favored by Weather.

After posing for two flashlights the presidential party started for the town hall amid continuous cheers. For two days, until late this afternoon, rain had fallen very heavily, but the weather still favored the President willson's statement in the Guildhall, taken together with the developments of the past few days, it is asserted in high quarters in speedy disposition of a league of nations. The American delegates to the peace

Conference Possibly Jan. 10.

France probably will designate her delegates to the peace conference within a few days and the American representatives express the hope that the first formal session of the conference will be held shortly after President Wilson's return from Italy, probably about January 10.

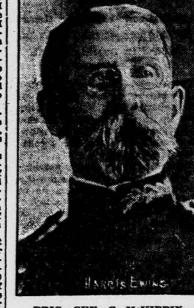
Since France has accepted President Wilson's principles through M. Pichon and England apparently has done the same, the assent of Italy to them was declared tonight by some of the American delegates to be regarded as assured.

Russ Family Execution Recalled.

In the course of his speech, M. Pichon, arguing the necessity for intervention in Russia, related details of the brutal execution of the whole imperial Russian family. The members of the former Russian emperor's family were placed as prisoners in a small room and jabbed with bayonets throughout the night. The next morning revolves shots ended their misery.

GEN. M'KIBBIN DIES AT HOME IN THE CITY

Was Veteran of Two Wars With Varied Career-Will Be Buried at Arlington.



BRIG. GEN. C. McKIBBIN.

Brig. Gen. Chambers McKibbin, veteran of two wars, died early today at his home in the Wyoming apartment, after an illness of nearly three years. Gen. McKibbin's health has been failing for a number of years, and for the past two years he had not been able to leave his home.

Burial will be in Arlington cometo a head, however, by a violent at-tack on M. Pichon and the govern-Publicity and League Favored.

Since Thursday the government bench has sat in obdurate silence, refusing to reply to any queries; but when M. Pichon ascended the tribune this afternoon he was ready to answer. He declared:

"First. That the government was in accord that the utmost publicity should be given to the peace conference, thus replying to the interpellation of the socialist deputy, Marcel Cachin, of last Friday, when he asked Premier Clemenceau to state whether secret diplomacy would be abandoned in the peace conference and the discussion given all publicity.

"Second. That the French government has adopted the principle of a league of nations and is now working toward its effective realization, thus replying to the interpellation of the socialist, M. Bracke.

No Annexation Desired. Burial will be in Arlington ceme

WOULD DEPORT **ENEMY ALIENS**

Expulsion of Most of Interned Huns Proposed by Department of Justice.

LEGISLATION TO BE ASKED

4,000 enemy aliens now interned in the United States will be recommended to Congress shortly by the Department of Justice.

Special legislation will be required for the deportations, and it was learned today the department will ask also for authority to prevent the re-entry of these men into this country later.

Exception for Few.

Some of the interned aliens are not considered permanently dangerous and no effort will be made to deport them. Careful investigation of the them. Careful investigation of the records, however, convinces Department of Justice officials that the larger proportion of those interned should not be left in this country to omert future trouble.

The department never has an

The department never has announced how many enemy aliens are held in internment camps in this country, but the number is understood to be between 3,000 and 4,000. Most of them are Germans; a few are women.

About half are understood to be men who served actively at one time.

men who served actively at one time as German agents in the United States, receiving and executing orders di-rectly from the German government or its representatives. These include trained propagandists, men involved in bomb plots early in the war and during America's neutrality, some who plotted directly against American shipping and the transportation of

The Mode Deeps.

This Semi-Annual Sale of Ours

-always holds the greatest possible attraction-the combination of superior values, exclusive models and most extraordinary reductions. We don't make any exceptions-every Suit and every Overcoat of this season's stock is included extreme as you want, or as conservative —the choice is up to you.

Suits—

\$30, \$32.50 grades. \$25.75

\$38, \$40 and \$42.50

\$45, \$50 and \$55

Your Full Dress requirements can be supplied at the moment and to your fullest satisfaction-be it Suit-Fur-lined Overcoat-or the

grades. \$37.75 Now.....\$ \$55, \$60 and \$65 grades. \$49.75 \$75 and \$80 grades. \$63.75

Overcoats—

grades. \$29.75

\$35, \$38 and \$40

\$42.50, \$45 and \$50

Haberdashery accessories.

Eleventh & Fstreets-

And of the 10th of the personnel of the Alsace-Lorraine and Sarre Basin. In the course of the discussion of provisional credits in the chamber of he deputies Henry Franklin-Bouillor, former minister of missions abroad, and of the Sarre Basin, according to the committee of the chamber, said the question of Alsace-Lorraine and of the Sarre Basin, according to the committee on foreign affairs, formed on the problem for settlement. "It cannot be admitted," said M. Tranklin-Bouillon, "that we had not taken back the mines of the Sarre that Prussia stole from us in 1815, as she stole Alsace-Lorraine in 1871. On the other hand, the commission is opposed to making of men citizens against their will." The speaker declared that the committee was unanimous that the land on the left bank of the Rhine must be used no more for enemy concentrations against France. "Not a solting the footing approaches but the distinct of the chamber of the foreign affairs, formed on the left bank of the Rhine must be used no more for enemy concentrations against France. "Not a solting the footing approaches but the distinct of the foreign affairs and also in arranging details concerning the war material which the region and also in arranging details concerning the war material which the region and also in arranging details concerning the war material which the region and also in arranging details concerning the war material which the region and also in arranging details concerning the war material which the region and also in arranging details concerning the war material which the region and also in arranging details concerning the war material which the region for coblenz. All wires between Berlin and the American area of occupation except the american area of occupation